

Human E-Selectin/CD62E ELISA KIT

Catalog Number

CHE0108

Size

96 Tests



Human E-Selectin/CD62E ELISA KIT

For the quantitative determination of human E-Selectin/CD62E concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma. This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product. If you have questions or experience problems with this product, please contact our Technical Support staff. Our scientists commit themselves to providing rapid and effective help.

**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES**

INTRODUCTION

E-Selectin (also known as Endothelial Leukocyte Adhesion Molecule-1, ELAM-1, or CD62E) is a 115 kDa, type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed only on endothelial cells and only after activation by inflammatory cytokines (IL-1 β or TNF- α) or endotoxins. Expression is transitory, reaching a maximum within about 6 hours of stimulation and then declining with shedding of soluble E-Selectin. Cell-surface E-Selectin is a mediator of the rolling attachment of leukocytes to the endothelium, an essential step in extravasation of leukocytes at the site of inflammation thereby playing a key role in localized inflammatory response. E-Selectin is believed to be particularly important in inflammation involving the skin.

The extracellular part of E-Selectin includes a calcium-dependent C2-type lectin domain, an epidermal growth factor (EGF) domain, and six repeats of a complement-regulatory-protein-like sequence. E-Selectin binds sialyl Lewis X (sLex), a sialic acid-galactose-N-acetylglucosamine-fructose tetrasaccharide, but the actual recognition is thought to be for a specific presentation of those glycosyl units in a precise three-dimensional configuration on a specific glycoprotein rather than for that particular carbohydrate.

E-Selectin is found in the blood of healthy individuals, probably arising from proteolytic cleavage of the surface-expressed molecule. Elevated levels of E-Selectin in serum have been reported in a variety of pathological conditions. Although it might be anticipated that E-Selectin would suppress leukocyte migration by competing with surface-associated E-Selectin, it may actually activate neutrophils and act as a pro-inflammatory agent.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for E-Selectin/CD62E has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any E-Selectin/CD62E present is bound by the immobilized antibody. Following incubation unbound samples are removed during a wash step, and then a detection antibody specific for E-Selectin/CD62E is added to the wells and binds to the combination of capture antibody-E-Selectin/CD62E in sample. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Following incubation and wash steps a substrate is added. A coloured product is formed in proportion to the amount of E-Selectin/CD62E present in the sample. The reaction is terminated by addition of acid and

absorbance is measured at 450nm. A standard curve is prepared from seven E-Selectin/CD62E standard dilutions and E-Selectin/CD62E sample concentration determined.

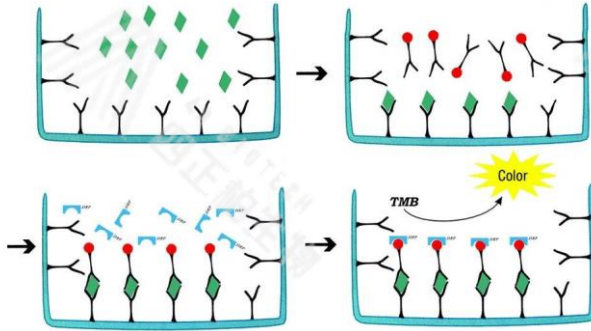


Figure 1: Schematic diagram of the assay

REAGENTS

1. Aluminium pouches with a Microwell Plate coated with antibody to human E-Selectin/CD62E (8 x 12)
2. 2 vials human E-Selectin/CD62E Standard lyophilized, 6000 pg/ml upon reconstitution
3. 2 vials concentrated Biotin-Conjugate anti-human E-Selectin/CD62E antibody
4. 2 vials Streptavidin-HRP solution
5. 4 bottle Standard /sample Diluent
6. 1 bottle Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent
7. 1 bottle Streptavidin-HRP Diluent
8. 1 bottle Wash Buffer Concentrate 20x (PBS with 1% Tween-20)
9. 1 vial Substrate Solution
10. 1 vial Stop Solution
11. 4 pieces Adhesive Films
12. package insert

NOTE: [96 Tests]

STORAGE

Table 1: Storage of the kit

Unopened Kit	Store at 2 – 8°C. Do not use past kit expiration date.	
Opened/ Reconstituted Reagents	Standard /sample Diluent	May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 – 8°C.**
	Concentrated Biotin-Conjugate	
	Streptavidin-HRP solution	
	Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent	
	Streptavidin-HRP Diluent	
	Wash Buffer Concentrate 20x	
	Substrate Solution	
	Standard	Aliquot and store for up to 1 month at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Diluted standard shall not be reused.
	Microplate Wells	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 – 8°C.**

**Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

THE REQUIRED ITEMS (not provided, but can help to buy):

1. Microplate reader (450nm).
2. Micro-pipette and tips: 0.5-10, 2-20, 20-200, 200-1000 μ L.
3. 37 °C incubator, double-distilled water or deionized water, coordinate paper, graduated cylinder.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

1. Store kit reagents between 2°C and 8°C. After use all reagents should be immediately returned to cold storage (2°C to 8°C).
2. Please perform simple centrifugation to collect the liquid before use.

3. To avoid cross contamination, please use disposable pipette tips.
4. The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material. Avoid contact of skin or mucous membranes with kit reagents or specimens. In the case of contact with skin or eyes wash immediately with water.
5. Use clean, dedicated reagent trays for dispensing the washing liquid, conjugate and substrate reagent. Mix all reagents and samples well before use.
6. After washing microtiter plate should be fully pat dried. Do not use absorbent paper directly into the enzyme reaction wells.
7. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or other sources. Do not use kit reagents beyond expiration date on label.
8. Each sample, standard, blank and optional control samples should be assayed in duplicate or triplicate.
9. Adequate mixing is very important for good result. Use a mini-vortexer at the lowest frequency or Shake by hand at 10min interval when there is no vortexer.
10. Avoid microtiter plates drying during the operation.
11. Dilute samples at the appropriate multiple, and make the sample values fall within the standard curve. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples and repeat the assay.
12. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time and temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
13. This method can effectively eliminate the interference of the soluble receptors, binding proteins and other factors in biological samples.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

1. **Cell Culture Supernates** - Remove particulates by centrifugation.
2. **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at approximately 1000 x g. Remove serum, avoid hemolysis and high blood lipid samples.
3. **Plasma** - Recommended heparin or citrate as an anticoagulant in plasma. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of

collection.

4. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
5. Dilute samples at the appropriate multiple (recommended to do pre-test to determine the dilution factor).

Note: The normal human serum or plasma samples are suggested to make a 1:15 dilution.

REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
2. **Wash Buffer** - Dilute 10mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare 200mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
3. **Standard** - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0mL of Standard /sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 6000 pg /mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

Pipette 500µL of Standard/sample Diluent into the 3000 pg/mL tube and the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 6000 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Standard/ sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20°C. Diluted standard shall not be reused.

4. Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human E-Selectin/CD62E antibody:
Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

5. Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

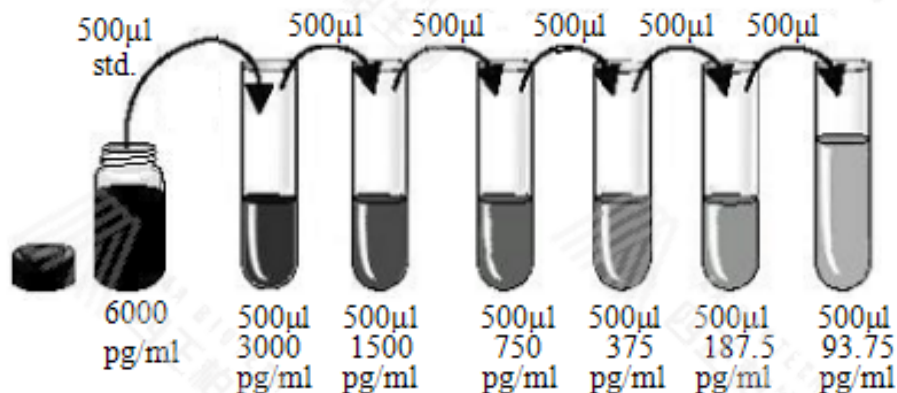


Figure 2: Preparation of E-Selectin/CD62E standard dilutions

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
2. Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for running blanks and standards. Remove extra microwell strips from holder and store in foil bag with the desiccant provided at 2-8°C sealed tightly.
3. Add 100µL of Standard, control, or sample, per well. Cover with the adhesive strip provided. Incubate for 1.5 hours at 37°C.
4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 µL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
5. Add 100µL of the working solution of Biotin-Conjugate to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip and incubate 1 hours at 37°C.
6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 4.
7. Add 100µL of the working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip and incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
8. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 4.
9. Add 100µL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 10-20

minutes at 37°C. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.

10. Add 100µL of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
11. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.(optionally 630nm as the reference wave length;610-650nm is acceptable)

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

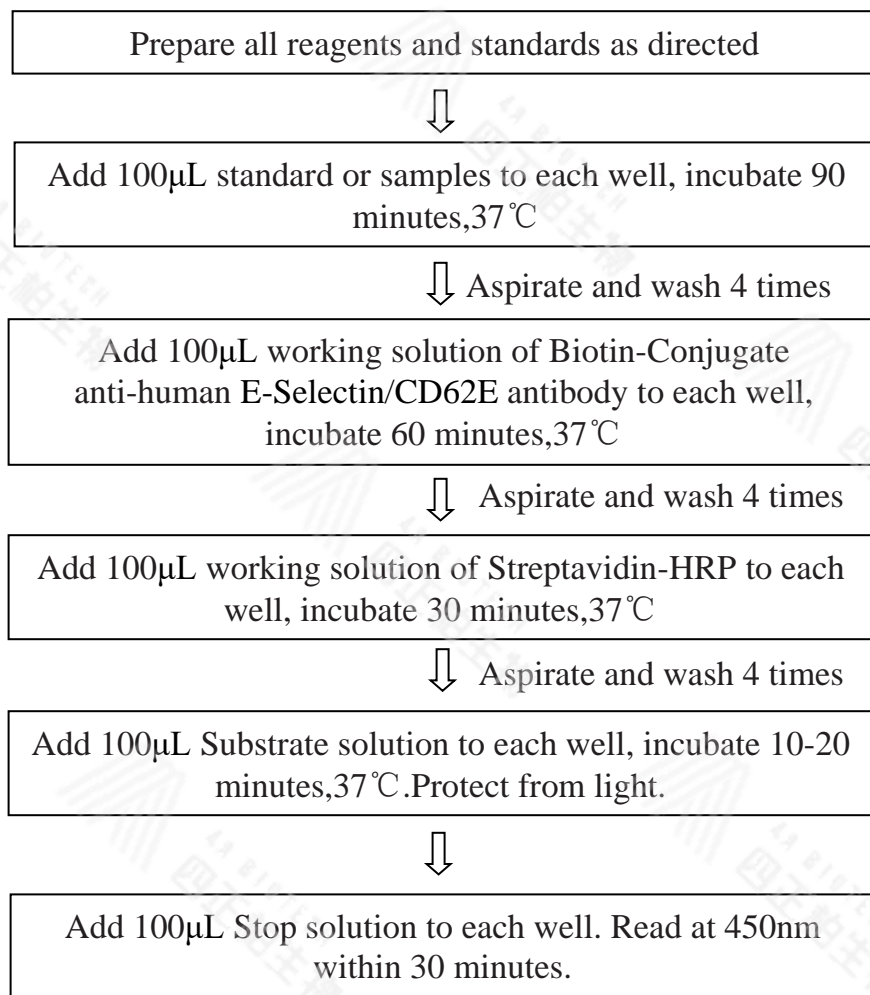


Figure 3: Assay procedure summary

TECHNICAL HINTS

1. When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.
2. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
3. To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.
4. Substrate Solution should remain colorless until added to the plate. Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution. Keep Substrate Solution protected from light. Substrate Solution should change from colorless to gradations of blue.
5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. According to the content of tested factors in the sample, appropriate diluted or concentrated samples, it is best to do pre-experiment.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.
2. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
3. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the E-Selectin/CD62E concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
4. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Table 2: Typical data using the E-Selectin/CD62E ELISA (Measuring

wavelength:450nm, Reference wavelength:630nm)

Standardized (pg/ml)	OD.	OD.	Average	Corrected
0	0.016	0.014	0.015	---
93.75	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.016
187.5	0.061	0.059	0.060	0.045
375	0.112	0.116	0.114	0.099
750	0.225	0.227	0.226	0.211
1500	0.549	0.555	0.552	0.537
3000	1.141	1.145	1.143	1.128
6000	2.243	2.249	2.246	2.231

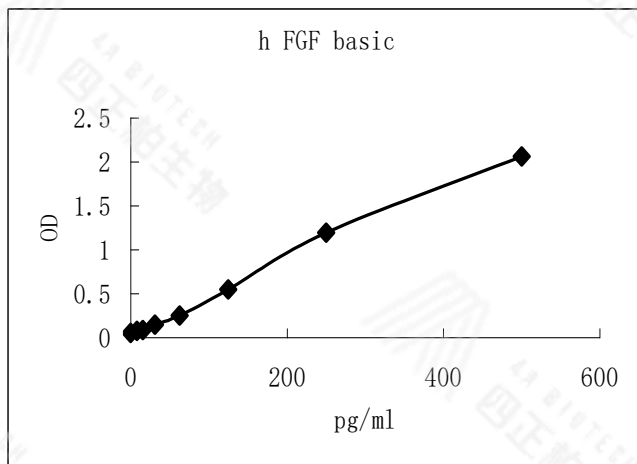


Figure 4:Representative standard curve for E-Selectin/CD62E ELISA. E-Selectin/CD62E was diluted in serial two-fold steps in Sample Diluent.

Do not use this standard curve to derive test results. A standard curve must be run for each group of microwell strips assayed.

SENSITIVITY, SPECIFICITY AND REPEATABILITY

1. **REPEATABILITY:** The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.
2. **SENSITIVITY:** The minimum detectable dose was 47pg/mL.
3. **SPECIFICITY:** This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human E-Selectin/CD62E. The factors listed below were prepared at 50ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Table 3: Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

Recombinant human	Recombinant mouse
ALCAM	E-Selectin
BCAM	ALCAM
Cadherin-8	Galectin-1
Contactin-1	ICAM-1
DC-SIGNR	ICAM-2
Desmoglein-1	JAM-A
Desmoglein-2	MadCAM-1
E-Cadherin	VCAM-1
Galectin-1	
Galectin-2	
ICAM-1	
JAM-A	
LAMP	
N-Cadherin	
NCAM-L1	
P-Cadherin	
PECAM-1	

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RELATED PRODUCTS

Table 4: Related products

Products name	Catalog number	size
Human IL-1 α ELISA Kit	CHE0101	48T/96T
Human IL-1 β ELISA Kit	CHE0001	48T/96T
Human IL-2 ELISA Kit	CHE0003	48T/96T
Human IL-3 ELISA Kit	CHE0028	48T/96T
Human IL-4 ELISA Kit	CHE0005	48T/96T
Human IL-6 ELISA Kit	CHE0009	48T/96T
Human IL-8 ELISA Kit	CHE0011	48T/96T
Human IL-10 ELISA Kit	CHE0013	48T/96T
Human IL-12p40 ELISA Kit	CHE0016	48T/96T
Human IL-12p70 ELISA Kit	CHE0015	48T/96T
Human IFN- γ ELISA Kit	CHE0017	48T/96T
Human TNF- α ELISA Kit	CHE0019	48T/96T
Human APO-1/FAS ELISA Kit	CHE0024	48T/96T
Human TGF- β 1 ELISA Kit	CHE0029	48T/96T
Human MCP-1 ELISA Kit	CHE0103	48T/96T
Human EGF ELISA Kit	CHE0044	48T/96T
Human G-CSF ELISA Kit	CHE0025	48T/96T
Human GM-CSF ELISA Kit	CHE0026	48T/96T
Human sICAM-1 ELISA Kit	CHE0052	48T/96T
Human Leptin ELISA Kit	CHE0053	48T/96T
Human VEGF ELISA Kit	CHE0043	48T/96T

If you have any questions, please tell us!